

Lesson Summary

The key to solving inequalities is to use if-then moves to make 0's and 1's to get the inequality into the form $x > c$ or $x < c$ where c is a number. Adding or subtracting opposites will make 0's. According to the if-then move, any number that is added to or subtracted from each side of an inequality does not change the solution to the inequality. Multiplying and dividing numbers makes 1's. When each side of an inequality is multiplied by or divided by a positive number, the sign of the inequality is not reversed. However, when each side of an inequality is multiplied by or divided by a negative number, the sign of the inequality is reversed.

Given inequalities containing decimals, equivalent inequalities can be created which have only integer coefficients and constant terms by repeatedly multiplying every term by ten until all coefficients and constant terms are integers.

Given inequalities containing fractions, equivalent inequalities can be created which have only integer coefficients and constant terms by multiplying every term by the least common multiple of the values in the denominators.

Problem Set

1. As a salesperson, Jonathan is paid \$50 per week plus 3% of the total amount he sells. This week, he wants to earn at least \$100. Write an inequality with integer coefficients for the total sales needed to earn at least \$100, and describe what the solution represents.
2. Systolic blood pressure is the higher number in a blood pressure reading. It is measured as the heart muscle contracts. Heather was with her grandfather when he had his blood pressure checked. The nurse told him that the upper limit of his systolic blood pressure is equal to half his age increased by 110.
 - a. a is the age in years, and p is the systolic blood pressure in millimeters of mercury (mmHg). Write an inequality to represent this situation.
 - b. Heather's grandfather is 76 years old. What is *normal* for his systolic blood pressure?
3. Traci collects donations for a dance marathon. One group of sponsors will donate a total of \$6 for each hour she dances. Another group of sponsors will donate \$75 no matter how long she dances. What number of hours, to the nearest minute, should Traci dance if she wants to raise at least \$1,000?
4. Jack's age is three years more than twice the age of his younger brother, Jimmy. If the sum of their ages is at most 18, find the greatest age that Jimmy could be.
5. Brenda has \$500 in her bank account. Every week she withdraws \$40 for miscellaneous expenses. How many weeks can she withdraw the money if she wants to maintain a balance of at least \$200?
6. A scooter travels 10 miles per hour faster than an electric bicycle. The scooter traveled for 3 hours, and the bicycle traveled for $5\frac{1}{2}$ hours. Altogether, the scooter and bicycle traveled no more than 285 miles. Find the maximum speed of each.